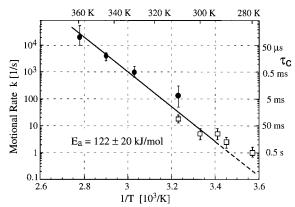
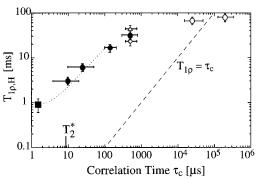
## **CORRECTIONS**

**W.-G. Hu, C. Boeffel, and K. Schmidt-Rohr\***: Chain Flips in Polyethylene Crystallites and Fibers Characterized by Dipolar <sup>13</sup>C NMR. Volume 32, Number 00, p 000.

Due to a programming error, the chain-flip rates in the simulations of the one-dimensional  $^{13}\mathrm{C}$  NMR line shapes (Figure 6) were too small by a factor of  $2\pi$ . As a result, the rates on the right-hand side of Figure 6 have to be corrected to read as follows (from top to bottom): 20 kHz, 3.5 kHz, 1 kHz, and 120 Hz. In the caption of Figure 7 and in the corresponding sections in the text, the flip rate in the UHMWPE fibers at 360 K must be changed to 1 kHz (from 150 Hz). The corrected Arrhenius plot, Figure 9, is shown below, together with its caption. The corrected activation energy is  $E_{\rm a}=122\pm20$  kJ/mol, which is in good agreement with dielectric relaxation results in the literature. The corrected  $T_{1\rho,\mathrm{H}}(\tau_c)$  calibration plot, Figure 10, is displayed below.



**Figure 9.** Arrhenius plot of the correlation times of the 180°-flip motion in the crystallites obtained from the stimulated-echo decays ( $\square$ ) and the 1D line shape changes ( $\blacksquare$ ), see Figure 6. The slope of the line yields an activation energy of (122  $\pm$  20) kJ/mol. Points at the lowest temperatures were excluded from the fit since spin diffusion increases the rate of exchange artificially.



**Figure 10.** Plot of  $T_{1\rho,H}$  as a function of correlation time  $\tau_c$ . Data shown are for HDPE (● in the range little affected by spin diffusion; ○ for  $T_{1\rho,H} > 30$  ms), for UHMWPE fibers with fiber axis perpendicular to  $B_0$  (◇), and for UHMWPE fibers with fiber axis parallel to  $B_0$  (△). The  $T_{1\rho}$  minimum at  $\tau_c = 1/(2\gamma B_1) = 1.4 \ \mu s$  (■) was measured on the ethylene—hexene copolymer sample. To indicate that the data will not fall on a straight line because of the minimum, a dotted line with this minimum behavior has been drawn through the data points as a guide to the eye. The dashed line indicates where  $\tau_c = T_{1\rho,H}$ . The transverse relaxation time  $T_2$ \*, at which the <sup>1</sup>H FID decays to 1/e, is given on the  $\tau_c$ -axis. For  $T_{1\rho,H} > 30$  ms, effects of spin diffusion become significant. In that range, the  $\tau_c$  dependence of  $T_{1\rho,H}$  plotted here cannot be expected to be valid for other PE samples.

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